AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q95825

U.S. Appln. No.: 10/585,206

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Canceled.

2. (Currently amended): An amplifier comprising:

a gain expansion characteristic which presents an increase in gain in response to an

increase in input power or output power in a certain range of the input power or the output

power, and

a mechanism which compresses a larger instantaneous amplitude value, with respect to a

smaller and compresses to a lesser degree an instantaneous amplitude value which is smaller

relative to said larger instantaneous amplitude value, of an when said instantaneous amplitude

values are provided as-an input-inputs to said amplifier.

3. (Previously presented): An amplifier comprising:

a gain expansion characteristic which presents an increase in gain in response to an

increase in input power or output power in a certain range of the input power or the output

power, and

an emitter grounded amplifier circuit comprising a first bipolar transistor has a base

terminal to which an input matching circuit and a cathode of a first diode for supplying a bias

voltage are connected through a first impedance element which does not block a direct current,

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and said first diode has an anode which is connected to a reference power supply which presents a sufficiently low impedance at high frequencies.

4. (Previously presented): The amplifier according to claim 3, wherein:

said first diode has a cathode area which is 1/10 or more the size of an emitter area of said first bipolar transistor.

5. (Previously presented): An amplifier comprising:

a gain expansion characteristic which presents an increase in gain in response to an increase in input power or output power in a certain range of the input power or the output power, and

a first diode is arranged in a forward direction between a base terminal of an emitter grounded amplifier circuit comprising a first bipolar transistor and a reference voltage terminal for supplying a base bias voltage to the base terminal, and a circuit comprising a second diode connected in series with a first impedance element which does not block a direct current is connected in parallel with said first diode such that said second diode is oriented in the forward direction.

6. (Previously presented): The amplifier according to claim 5, wherein:

said second diode comprises a base-emitter of a third bipolar transistor which has a collector connected to a bias power supply, an emitter connected to said first impedance element, and a base connected to the reference voltage terminal.

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7-20. Canceled.

21. (Currently amended): The amplifier according to any of claims 3-te5 and 6, wherein:

said first diode comprises a base-emitter of a second bipolar transistor which has a

collector connected to the bias power supply, an emitter connected to said first impedance

element, and a base connected to the reference voltage terminal.

22. (Previously presented): The amplifier according to any of claims 3 to 6, wherein:

said first impedance element comprises a circuit which is comprised of a capacitance and

a resistor in parallel.

23. (Previously presented): The amplifier according to any of claims 3 to 6, wherein:

a high-frequency impedance, when said emitter grounded amplifier circuit is viewed from

an input terminal, is higher than a high-frequency impedance, when a bias supply circuit is

viewed from the input terminal.

24. (Previously presented): A multi-stage amplifier comprising:

at least two or more amplification stages and having a gain expansion characteristic

which presents an increase in gain in response to an increase in input power or output power in a

certain range of the input power or the output power, and

in a power range in which the gain expansion characteristic is provided, at least one stage

of said amplification stages other than a final stage has an output characteristic such that when

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said amplifier is applied with two wave signals at close frequencies, a phase of a third-order inter-modulation distortion rotates 90 degrees or more from the phase of the two wave signals at a time when the two wave signals match in phase.

25. (Currently amended): A multi-stage amplifier comprising:

at least two or more amplification stages which have a gain extension characteristic which presents an increase in gain in response to an increase in input power or output power in a certain range of the input power or the output power, and

a mechanism which compresses a larger instantaneous <u>amplitude</u> value, with respect to a <u>smaller and compresses to a lesser degree an instantaneous amplitude</u> value <u>which is smaller relative to said larger instantaneous amplitude value</u>, of an-when said instantaneous amplitude <u>values are provided as an input-inputs</u> to said at least one stage.

26. (Currently amended): A multi-stage amplifier comprising:

at least two or more amplification stages which have a gain expansion characteristic which presents an increase in gain in response to an increase in input power or output power in a certain range of the input power or the output power, and

an amplifier <u>circuit</u> of at least one stage of said amplification stages other than a final stage comprises an emitter grounded amplifier circuit including a first bipolar transistor which has a base terminal connected to an input matching circuit and to a cathode of a first diode for supplying a bias, wherein said first diode has an anode connected to a reference power supply which presents a sufficiently low impedance at high frequencies.

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27. (Previously presented): The multi-stage amplifier according to claim 26, wherein:

said first diode has a cathode area which is 1/10 or more as large as an emitter area of

said first bipolar transistor.

28. (Previously presented): The multi-stage amplifier according to any of claims 26 to

27, further comprising:

a first impedance element which does not block a direct current in series with the base

terminal of said emitter grounded amplifier circuit comprising the first bipolar transistor.

29. (Currently amended): A multi-stage amplifier comprising:

at least two or more amplification stages which have a gain expansion characteristic

which presents an increase in gain in response to an increase in input power or output power in a

certain range of the input power or the output power, and

an amplifier circuit of at least one stage of said amplification stages other than a final

stage comprises a first diode arranged in a forward direction between a base terminal of an

emitter grounded amplifier circuit comprising a first bipolar transistor and a reference voltage

terminal for supplying a base bias voltage to the base terminal, and a circuit having a second

diode connected in series with a first impedance element, connected in parallel with said first

diode such that said second diode is oriented in the forward direction.

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30. (Previously presented): The multi-stage amplifier according to claim 29, wherein: said second diode comprises a base-emitter of a third bipolar transistor which has a collector connected to a bias power supply, an emitter connected to said first impedance element, and a base connected to the reference voltage terminal.

31. (Currently amended): The multi-stage amplifier according any of claims 26, 27, 29 and 30, wherein:

said first impedance element comprises a circuit which is comprised of a capacitance and a resistor in parallel.

- 32. (Currently amended): The multi-stage amplifier according to any of elaims 26, 27, 29 and claim 30, wherein + said first diode comprises a base-emitter of a second bipolar transistor which has a collector connected to the bias power supply, an emitter connected to said first impedance element, and a base connected to the reference voltage terminal.
- 33. (Currently amended): The multi-stage amplifier according to any of claims 26, 27, 29 and 30, wherein said amplifier circuit <u>provides</u>, at the <u>connected to its</u> input <u>terminal</u>, of which the <u>a</u> mechanism for compressing the amplified is provided, is an amplifier circuit which and presents an impedance, when said emitter grounded amplifier circuit is viewed from an input terminal, that is higher than an impedance, when a bias supply circuit is viewed from the input terminal.

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34. (Currently amended): The multi-stage amplifier according to any of claims 26, 27, 29 and 30 claim 33, wherein: an another amplification stage is provided after said amplifier circuit having the mechanism for compressing the amplitude at the connected to its input terminal, is provided presents said other amplification stage comprising an emitter grounded amplifier circuit and a bias supply circuit for supplying a base bias voltage to a base terminal of said emitter grounded amplifier circuit of said other amplification stage, wherein said other amplification stage presents an impedance, when said emitter grounded amplifier circuit said other amplification stage is viewed from an input terminal, that is higher than an impedance, when a said bias supply circuit is viewed from the input terminal.

- 35. (New): The amplifier according to any of claims 3 and 4, wherein:
- said first diode comprises a base-emitter of a second bipolar transistor which has a collector connected to the bias power supply, an emitter connected to said first impedance element, and a base connected to a reference voltage terminal.
- 36. (New): The multi-stage amplifier according any of claims 26 and 27, wherein a first impedance element comprises a circuit which is comprised of a capacitance and a resistor in parallel.
- 37. (New): The multi-stage amplifier according to any of claims 26 and 27, wherein said first diode comprises a base-emitter of a second bipolar transistor which has a collector

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connected to a bias power supply, an emitter connected to a first impedance element, and a base connected to a reference voltage terminal.

38. (New): The multi-stage amplifier according to claim 29, wherein said first diode comprises a base-emitter of a second bipolar transistor which has a collector connected to a bias power supply, an emitter connected to the first impedance element, and a base connected to the reference voltage terminal.